The Pyongyang Times

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The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Sends Gift to President of Sao Tome and Principe

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung sent as a gift the Korean colour documentary film "The Goodwill Envoy of the People of Sao Tome and Principe" to Manuel Pinto Da Costa, President of the Democratic Republic of Sao Tome and Principe.

Kim Jin Gi, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of our country to Gabon, courteously conveyed on June 12 the gift sent by the great leader to the President in Sao Tome, the capital of the DRSTP, according to a report from Sao Tome.

The ambassador courteously conveyed the greetings of the great leader to the President.

The President deeply thanked for the precious gift and warm greetings sent by the great leader.

Present on the occasion were Miguel Trovoada, Deputy General Secretary of the Liberation Movement of Sao Tome and Principe and Prime Minister of the Government; Leonel Mario d'Alva, Deputy General Secretary of the LMSTP and Foreign Minister; Carlos Dias Da Graca, Member of the Political Bureau of the LMSTP and Minister of Public Health, and Social Affairs; Manuel Quaresma Dos-Santos Costa, Minister of Labour and Justice; and other leading officials of the Liberation Movement and government.

After the gift was conveyed, the President and attendants saw the documentary film.

After seeing the film, the President said to the ambassador: "Please convey my warm thanks to the great leader of the Korean people President Kim Il Sung for sending such a wonderful film." He expressed his best wishes that the great leader President Kim Il Sung would enjoy good health and longevity.

TELEGRAMS

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Pak Sung Chul**, Premier of the Administration Council, sent a message of sympathy to Comrade **Mao Tsetung**, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, Comrade **Chu Teh**, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress of the People's Republic of China, and Comrade **Hua Kuo-feng**, Premier of the State Council, in connection with the fact that the Lungling-Luhsi area in western Yunnan Province, China, was hit by strong earthquakes on May 29.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC, WPK and President of the DPRK, and Comrade **Pak Sung Chul**, Premier of the Administration Council, sent a message to **Nguyen Huu Tho**, President of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the South Viet Nam National Front for Liberation and President of the Advisory Council of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Viet Nam, and **Huynh Tan Phat**, President of the Provisional Revolutionary Government, greeting the 7th anniversary of the establishment of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Viet Nam.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Habib Bourguiba**, President of the Republic of Tunisia, on the occasion of the national day of the Republic of Tunisia.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message to **Suharto**, President of the Republic of Indonesia, greeting his birthday.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, received a message from **Arthur Chung** in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter upon the latter's reelection as President of the Guyana Cooperative Republic.

"Korea Is One", "Korea Must Be Reunified Without Fail"

Korean Reunification Support Committees Formed in Many Countries

In Palestine

The Palestine Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification was inaugurated in Damascus on May 29 in accordance with the decision of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organization, according to a report.

Khaled Al Fahum, President of the Palestine National Council, was elected Chairman of the Palestine Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification.

The decision of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organization on inaugurating the Palestine Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification highly estimated the great achievements made by the Korean people in the revolution and construction under the wise leadership of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The decision also stressed that it is a common duty of all countries and all peoples aspiring after peace and progress and justice to struggle against imperialism and its stooges while manifesting full support and solidarity for the Korean people's struggle for driving out the US troops, the outside forces, and reunifying the country.

In Jamaica

An inaugural meeting of the Jamaica Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification was held in Kingston, Jamaica, on June 1 with a large attendance, according to a report.

A letter to His Excellency President Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the Korean people, was unanimously adopted at the meeting amid the enthusiastic applause of the attendants.

The meeting was attended by Folleler, Member of the Executive Committee of the Jamaica People's National Party, Chairman of its Policy Committee and Senator, and a large number of personages of various political parties, public organizations and political, public, press and academic circles of Jamaica.

The meeting was addressed by Folleler, Member of the Executive Committee of the Jamaica People's National Party and Chairman of its Policy Committee.

In his speech, he referred to the tense situation created in Korea by the US imperialists and their stooges, and noted: Today it is urgently required to strengthen the movement of fraternal solidarity with the Korean people in the struggle for smashing the "two Koreas" plot of US imperialism and achieving the country's independent and peaceful reunification.

He stressed: The inauguration of the Jamaica Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification today is an important occasion in proclaiming at home and abroad the full support of the Jamaican people to the just cause of the fraternal Korean people for forcing the US imperialist aggression troops to withdraw from south Korea and realizing the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

A declaration was adopted at the meeting on the inauguration of the Jamaica Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification.

The declaration said:

The question of Korean reunification is a question of taking back the territory and people robbed by the foreign imperialists, ensuring the national sovereignty of the Korean people throughout the country and safeguarding peace in Asia and the world.

The Democratic People's Republic of Korea has put forward correct policies and practical proposals to achieve national reunification in an independent and peaceful way on a democratic principle without outside interference and made all efforts to realize them.

However, the United States and the south Korean authorities who do not want Korean reunification oppose all the patriotic efforts of the DPRK and are leading the situation in Korea to the brink of a new war.

To realize the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea is an important condition for a lasting peace in Asia and other parts of the world.

We appeal to the justice- and peace-loving people of Jamaica to launch an extensive movement of solidarity with the Korean people's struggle for reunifying their country by their own efforts in a peaceful way free from outside interference and to actively cooperate with the activities of the committee in this work.

Korea is one.

Korea must be reunified without fail.

The meeting elected the leading body of the committee with Injei Rowethu, Member of the Executive Committee of the Jamaica People's National Party and Deputy Editor-in-Chief of the organ of the Party "New Nation", as its Chairman.

(KCNA)

"US-Out-of-Korea Committee" of Youth against War and Fascism

Inaugurated in New York

A meeting was held on June 6 in New York to inaugurate the "US-Out-of-Korea Committee" of the Youth against War and Fascism, according to a report from New York.

The meeting unanimously adopted a letter to Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, amid the enthusiastic applause of the attendants.

The meeting was addressed first by Deirdre Griswald, one of the organizers of the Youth against War and Fascism and Chief Editor of the paper "Workers' World".

Pointing out that it is the duty of the American working class to support the Korean people's cause of national reunification, he said:

We should conduct more extensive activities to support the struggle of the Korean people for achieving the independent reunification of the country.

We will intensify activities to fully expose the "two Koreas" plot of the US ruling circles and the south Korean puppet dictatorship and denounce the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique for intensifying the fascist terror rule over the people.

Stressing that they would actively struggle for the discontinuation of all kinds of US "aid" to the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, he wished the Korean people new successes in the struggle to achieve the independent reunification of the country.

The meeting was addressed also by Dave Axel, a leading member of the Youth against War and Fascism and anti-war fighter.

He extended the warm greetings of the members of the Youth against War and Fascism to the Korean people who are fighting to realize the independent reunification of the country under the wise leadership of the great leader President Kim Il Sung.

He said that the struggles of the Korean and American peoples against US imperialism were closely interlinked.

He stressed:

We will fight to the end to discharge our duty in forcing the US troops to withdraw from south Korea.

We will establish contact with more organizations and individual personages and fight till the US has been forced out of Korea and Korea reunified.

He concluded his speech by loudly shouting the slogans, "US, get out of Korea", "Down with the Pak Jung Hi dictatorship" and "Korea will be reunified".

The meeting elected leading members of the Committee. Dave Axel was elected Chairperson of the Committee.

(KCNA)

We Express Militant Support to and Full Solidarity with Korean People in Their Struggle to Realize Independent, Peaceful Reunification of Their Country

Many Countries Actively Support DPRK SPA Standing Committee's Letter Addressed to Parliaments and Governments of All Countries

Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation of Republic of Rwanda

A letter came from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation of the Republic of Rwanda.

The letter said:

The Government and people of Rwanda united closely around the National Revolutionary Movement for Development follow with sympathy the efforts of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to reunify Korea independently and peacefully free from outside interference.

The reinforcement of foreign troops in south Korea and the continued introduction of nuclear weapons there are arousing a deep concern of the Government and people of Rwanda. Because this seriously impairs all possibilities of reaching agreed solutions and poses a grave menace to peace in this region.

The Rwandan Government and people once again consider it necessary to disband the "UN Command" and force all foreign troops stationed in south Korea under the UN signboard to pull out of it for the resumption of the dialogue between the north and the south of Korea that started after the announcement of the 1972 Joint Statement.

The Rwandan Government and people vehemently denounce the provocative acts of the south Korean authorities instigated by imperialism and manifest once again positive support and firm solidarity for the Korean people's just struggle for the country's freedom and reunification.

Government of Republic of Iraq

A letter came from the Government of the Republic of Iraq.

The reply said:

The Government of the Republic of Iraq, paying respect to the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, acknowledges the receipt of its letter sent to the parliaments and governments of all countries of the world.

The Government of the Republic of Iraq supports the stand of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea denouncing the United States' reinforcement of the armed forces in south Korea.

The Government of the Republic of Iraq takes this opportunity to express highest respect once again to the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

President of NRC of Benin

A letter came from Lieutenant Colonel Mathieu Kerekou, President of the National Revolutionary Council of Benin.

The reply said:

We read with stirring sentiments the letter of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent to the parliaments and governments of all countries of the world in connection with the threat of war provocation on the part of the US aggressors and the south Korean traitors, their lackeys, against your country.

This undisguised act viciously committed by the imperialists in preparation for new aggression against your country and your people poses a grave threat to peace and security in Asia and the world.

Therefore, the Party of the People's Revolution of Benin and the militant people of the People's Republic of Benin who are rallied close around its Central Committee, the National Revolutionary Council and local revolutionary organizations resolutely oppose and denounce the provocative manoeuvres of the US imperialists and the south Korean puppets, their mercenaries, against your country and, considering that the withdrawal of all the US imperialist aggression troops based in south Korea will provide a condition for a just and durable peace in Korea and Asia, demand their immediate and unconditional withdrawal in accordance with the resolution of the 30th Session of the United Nations General Assembly, express militant support to and full solidarity with the fraternal Korean people in the just struggle to realize the independent and peaceful reunification of their country and manifest the firm conviction of the sure victory of the Korean people and the victory of all the oppressed peoples of the world who are struggling for freedom, independence, peace and the building of a new society.

(KCNA)

A Number of Countries Send Letters in Reply to Foreign Minister of the State Which Chaired the Fourth Summit Conference of Non-aligned Countries

Ieng Sary, Deputy Prime Minister in Charge of Foreign Affairs of the Government of Democratic Cambodia, Nguyen Duy Trinh, Foreign Minister of the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam, and Nguyen Thi Binh, Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of South Viet Nam, respectively sent letters of late to Abdelaziz Bouteflika, Foreign Minister of Algeria which chaired the Fourth Summit Conference of Non-aligned Countries, in reply to the latter's letter recently sent to the non-aligned countries in connection with the fact that the US imperialists and the south Korean puppet clique are engineering the aggressive and criminal manoeuvres while aggravating tension in Korea.

The letters referred to the criminal acts of the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who have frequently committed armed provocations against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and keyed up tension in Korea to a higher pitch. The letters denounced them, saying that this is a move to hinder Korea's peaceful reunification, create "two Koreas" and keep Korea divided for good.

The letters held that the problem of Korean reunification should be solved independently without any foreign interference, by peaceful means and on a democratic principle, and strongly demanded that the US government immediately pull all its troops back from south Korea and stop its intervention in the domestic affairs of the Korean people.

The letters expressed full support and solidarity for the Korean people who are fighting to achieve the independent, peaceful reunification of the country against the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique in firm unity with the people of the non-aligned countries.

(KCNA)

EDITORIAL

US Imperialist Aggressors Must Get Out of South Korea Unconditionally and Immediately

Twenty-six years have passed since the US imperialists ignited the aggressive war against the Korean people.

The US imperialists' armed invasion on June 25, 1950 was an extension of their policy of aggression against our country pursued unceasingly for over 100 years.

Through this aggressive war they attempted to occupy the whole of Korea, invade the rest of Asia and realize their dream of world domination.

In order to achieve their sinister aim they started the most barbarous war of genocide unprecedented in the history of war by mobilizing one-third of their ground forces, one-fifth of their air force and the greater part of their Pacific Fleet armed with up-to-date combat equipment, plus troops of 15 of their satellite countries and the south Korean puppet troops.

The US imperialists, however, sustained the most serious military and political setbacks for the first time in their history of aggression in face of the heroic struggle of the Korean people for the victory of the righteous Fatherland Liberation War under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and legendary hero.

Nevertheless, the US imperialists, far from drawing lessons from their ignominious defeat and leaving south Korea, have been stepping up preparations for another war of aggression in Korea.

Particularly to be noted here is that following their setback in Indochina they have been trying to keep south Korea as their last stronghold and invade the whole of Korea and the rest of Asia with south Korea as a stepping-stone in an attempt to save their totally crumbling colonial ruling system in Asia and realize their ambitions for world conquest.

For such aggressive designs the US imperialists are directing their spearhead of Asian aggression to Northeast Asia, particularly to Korea.

In accordance with their "new Asia strategy" they declared south Korea a "forward defence zone" and are increasing the danger of war, while aggravating tension in our country.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"Because of the aggressive manoeuvres of the US imperialists and their lackeys war may break out again at any moment in our country."

These days the criminal moves of the US imperialists to unleash a new war of aggression in Korea have reached a most reckless stage.

They have already shipped into south Korea and nearby areas a large quantity of their aggressive armed forces and military equipment from the continental US and other regions and deployed nuclear weapons and other mass destruction weapons in the area along the Military Demarcation Line. And they established the wartime "operational command system" and completed the redeployment of their armed forces.

Not only this. They made full preparations for the mobilization of their units of three services stationed in Okinawa, an advance base for their aggression on Korea, and established even the air and naval support system with a view to promptly carrying into south Korea their aggressive armed forces and military equipment from the continental US and their military bases in Asia in case of war in Korea. They even took measures to use the Japanese "Self-Defence Forces" in their war of aggression in Korea.

Not satisfied with this, they have recently defined south Korea as the only "magazine for war supplies" they have in the world, thus approving a great sum of budget needful for it and bringing into south Korea war emergency supplies in quantities.

Having made full preparations for war, the US imperialists are now raving about a "short time war" such as a "9-day operational plan" and a "5-day war" and are intensifying their military provocations against us as never before to find a pretext for igniting a war. On the other hand they are staging war exercises almost every day in the sky and on the ground and sea.

In March last alone, they conducted an air storming operation by introducing into south Korea F-111 fighter-bombers of latest type from the continental US. There followed a south Korea-US naval joint amphibious exercise in which their 7th Fleet and naval forces in Okinawa were mobilized. It is also reported that they will launch a south Korea-US naval and marine joint amphibious exercise from June 28 to July 7.

Particular mention should also be made of the fact that they recently shipped into south Korea different kinds of ammunition including rocket shells, 4,600 tons in all, from US army magazine in Japan. This arouses deep concern of the peace-loving people the world over, because it is a move to unleash an aggressive war in Korea.

Meanwhile, the US imperialists are instigating the south Korean puppets to perpetrate war provocations against the northern half of the Republic.

The following facts eloquently prove some of their sinister designs:

Some time ago they called south Korean puppets into Honolulu to reaffirm their defence commitments to south Korea and promised that they would give a prompt and efficient support. On June 16 the US Congress decided to give south Korea 476 million dollars of military aid during the fiscal year 1976-77.

Encouraged by these steps taken by the US imperialists, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique have proclaimed a state of war throughout south Korea and are mobilizing all manpower and materials to the execution of their war policy.

As a result, a grave situation where a war may break out at any moment has been created in Korea.

The new war provocation manoeuvres of the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, their stooges, are greatly menacing the peace and security in Asia and the rest of the world as well as the peace in Korea.

Therefore, in preserving peace and security in Korea and other parts of the world it behoves us to frustrate the US imperialists' war machinations and drive out of south Korea the US imperialist aggressor troops, the constant source of war in Korea.

That is why the progressive people of the world are now raising their voices higher than ever before, demanding the withdrawal of the US imperialist aggressor troops from south Korea and extending active support and encouragement to the just struggle of the Korean people for national reunification.

This year alone, committees for supporting Korea's reunification have been formed in succession in many countries of Europe, Latin America and other continents and we continue to receive affirmative replies to the letter sent at the beginning of this year by the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the parliaments and governments of all countries in connection with the situation created in Korea.

Various solidarity functions are taking place in all parts of the world on the occasion of the month of the anti-US, joint struggle (June 25-July 27) to support our people's struggle to force the US imperialist aggressor troops out of south Korea and achieve the country's reunification.

Indeed, to express full support and encouragement to the Korean people's just struggle for the country's independent and peaceful reunification has become an international trend that no force can check.

The US imperialist aggressors must withdraw unconditionally and without delay from south Korea, taking along all their lethal weapons in accordance with the resolution of the 30th session of the UN General Assembly reflecting the unanimous desire of the entire Korean people and the peace-loving people the world over.

We are convinced that the solidarity movement denouncing US imperialism and supporting the Korean people's struggle for the country's reunification will be organized more extensively in many countries.

We Korean people will surely drive the US imperialist aggressor troops out of south Korea and realize the cause of national reunification, backed by the active support and encouragement of the socialist countries, the non-aligned countries, the countries of new-emerging forces, and the peace-loving people of the world.

The Leader of the People

"I Feel Quite Reassured When I See You"

It happened on September 22, 1961, three days after the Fourth Congress of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea ended.

That day in the Hwanghae Iron and Steel Works there took place an inauguration ceremony of blast furnace No. 2, honoured by the presence of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Workers, technicians, office workers, and their wives and children in their holiday best thronged the plant from early in the morning.

They could hardly repress their excitement because they were happily proud of their having built blast furnace No. 2 in a matter of half a year and turned out the first bucket of molten iron in honour of the historic Fourth Congress of the Party.

"I think the beloved leader will come this time, too," someone remarked.

"Well, I'm afraid he may not come since the Party Congress is just over and there are foreign guests still now," the other responded.

"But I still feel like he is coming."

They were eager to be honoured with the visit of the fatherly leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, although they knew he was so busy just after the closing of the Party Congress that he found it very hard to leave Pyongyang.

That day he visited the workers of the iron works.

The respected and beloved leader cut the red tape, as wanted by all the workers, to announce the commissioning of blast furnace No. 2.

The face of the great leader was beaming with satisfaction when he responded to the thunderous cheers of the workers that resounded all over Songrim City.

The fatherly leader and the workers, who had always shared the sweets and bitters, were welded together into one mind, and the throbbing emotions and excitement reigned all over the place where the ceremony was held.

The fatherly leader proceeded to blast furnace No. 1 where teeming operation was in full swing.

There he instructed that the hot metal ladle should be enlarged and the time of teeming operation shortened and then set the orientation in building blast furnace No. 3.

The respected and beloved leader suggested the location and size of the furnace and referred to the political and economic significance of its construction in the fulfilment of the Seven-Year Plan.

He had been forming the idea of building blast furnace No. 3 while blast furnace No. 2 was under construction.

When he noticed the smelters of blast furnace No. 1 greeting him with cheers and applause he said: **"Oh, I've got to meet them..."** and walked up to them across the runway where the molten iron was flowing.

The fatherly leader gave a squeeze of the hand to each of smelters, and said:

"Our Chollima riders... I feel quite reassured when I see you..."

How dear and trustful his words sounded to them!

The fatherly leader really trusts them as the pillar of the state.

The respected and beloved leader believes in the strength of the masses of the people so firmly that he visits workers and peasants to consult with them open-heartedly whenever there is any problem.

It is because of his firm belief in the strength of the masses that he advances any difficult task boldly and pushes it ahead.

Comrade Kim Chol Ju, Indomitable Revolutionary Fighter

June 12 this year marked the 60th birthday of Comrade Kim Chol Ju, an indomitable revolutionary fighter.

Comrade Kim Chol Ju was a staunch revolutionist, an indomitable revolutionary fighter, who devoted his whole life solely to the revolution and the great leader, the brain of the revolution.

On this occasion, we look back in deep respect upon his revolutionary struggle and life.

He was born in Mangyongdae, Pyongyang, on June 12, 1916 as the second son of Kim Hyong Jik, an outstanding leader of the anti-Japanese national-liberation movement in Korea, and Kang Ban Sok, a pioneer in the Korean women's movement. The revolutionary education from his parents in his childhood instilled into his mind a high national and class consciousness. He started revolutionary struggle in his early years under the direct guidance of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, his elder brother.

When he stepped out on to the battlefield of revolution, Korea found itself in a historic turning point. The anti-Japanese national-liberation movement entered a new stage of development and the great era of Juche set in.

He had an abiding faith in the Juche idea fathered by the great leader and his Juche-oriented revolutionary line and strategic and tactical policies and remained loyal to the great leader to the last moment of his life.

In his childhood he joined the revolutionary organizations such as the Saenal (New Day) Juvenile Union and the Children's Vanguard formed by the great leader and actively helped the great leader in his revolutionary activities.

He readily took charge of such difficult revolutionary tasks as going on secret liaison missions, collecting information on the movements of reactionaries and conducting anti-Japanese propaganda and enlightenment work among the masses.

After the creation of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army by the great leader, Comrade Kim Chol Ju devoted his efforts to strengthening it.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"In order to lead the Korean revolution to victory we should build up strong ranks of the Young Communist League, its reserve.... Only then can we create powerful main forces of the Korean revolution."

In pursuance of these words of the great leader, Comrade Kim Chol Ju did his utmost to expand the Young Communist League (YCL) organization.

He strove to strengthen the ranks of the YCL and systematically trained the youth to be communist vanguards so as to reinforce the guerrila army.

While energetically conducting the YCL work, he always found himself into the midst of the enemy and distributed leaflets and threatening letters, thus giving the reactionaries terror, and carried on anti-Japanese propaganda and rallied the masses.

True to the words of the great leader that weapons are vital, Comrade Kim Chol Ju, boundlessly loyal to him, undertook to capture weapons by attacking the enemy's barracks.

In order to implement the anti-Japanese united front line advanced by the great leader, he also waged a bold and energetic struggle.

Comrade Kim Chol Ju, a man of exceptionally strong revolutionary spirit and indomitable fighting spirit, took part in a number of battles to defeat Japanese imperialist aggressors and displayed unparalleled bravery and boldness, glorifying his name as a revolutionary soldier of the great leader.

Indeed, Comrade Kim Chol Ju was a genuine revolutionary fighter of Juche type who readily went through even fire and water to carry out the revolutionary tasks given by the great leader and was infinitely faithful to his orders and instructions.

Comrade Kim Chol Ju fought staunchly, devoting his all, solely for the restoration of the country and the victory of the Korean revolution. While he was engaged in local work, he encountered with the Japanese imperialist aggressor troops outnumbering scores of times near Shirenkou, Yenchi county and fought a hard battle. In this battle he died a heroic death on June 14, 1935.

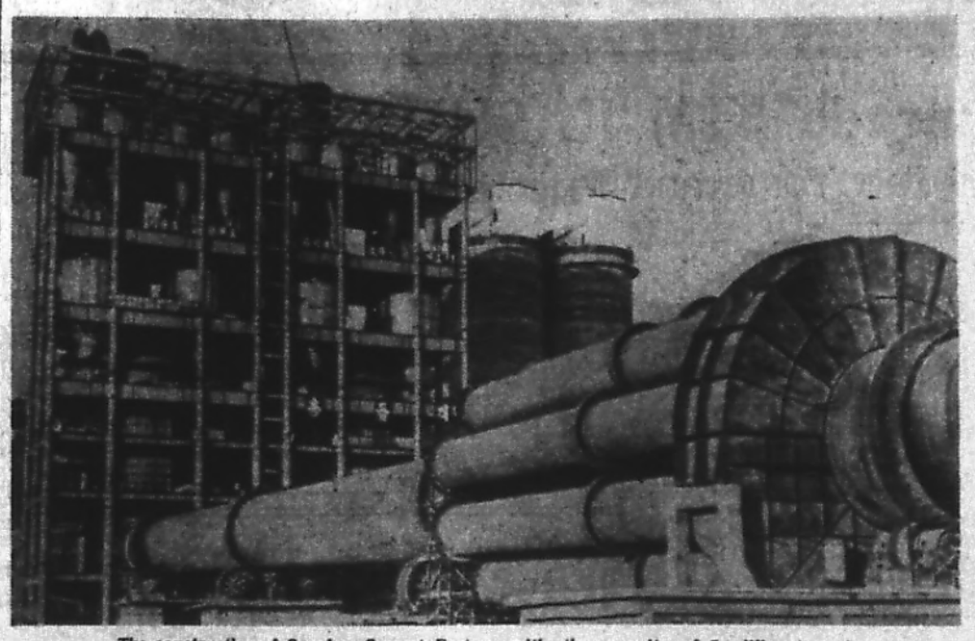
He was short-lived. But his was a most brilliant life of a revolutionist of Juche type who was boundlessly loyal to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and a proud life of a great revolutionary fighter who gave himself for the restoration of the country and its bright future. For this his noble life is firmly enshrined in the hearts of our people and his exploits will shed a brilliant light through successive generations.

The brilliant revolutionary exploits performed by the Korean revolutionists include the precious revolutionary exploits of Comrade Kim Chol Ju, an indomitable revolutionary fighter.

Reviewing in retrospect the course of revolutionary struggle traversed by Comrade Kim Chol Ju who performed immortal exploits for the Korean revolution, the entire Korean people are firmly determined to achieve the final victory of the Korean revolution which he had longed for.

Mun Su

Advancing Towards Creation and Construction Through Ordeals



The construction of Sunchon Cement Factory with the capacity of 5 million tons is well under way, and the first-stage project (3 million tons) is nearing completion

Korea is a country with beautiful rivers and mountains and is rich in natural resources. The Korean people are endowed with diligence and talent. Their lofty aims to build a strong, wealthy country in their land of three-thousand *ri* and enjoy an independent and creative life are being transformed into reality through the hard struggle to pull through bitter trials resulting from the gangster-like aggressive acts of imperialists.

Our people had long remained the victims to the colonial plunder of the Japanese imperialists. In its wake, the US imperialist aggressors occupied south Korea after liberation of the country and divided the nation into two. This has spelt out the misery and distress to the Korean people ever since. At present our people's peaceful labour is menaced seriously by the incessant war provocation manoeuvres of the US imperialist aggressors.

Under the well-advised guidance of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and genius of creation and construction, our people are speeding up the peaceful construction to build a prosperous country with surer strides, overcoming manifold hardships, even under the conditions in which they are threatened with the ever-present danger of war.

Clearing Away War Debris

The US imperialist aggressors revealed their fangs and showed their claws as wild beasts after they ignited the Korean war. In an attempt to achieve their brigandish and aggressive end they showered an average of 18 bombs per square kilometre on the northern half of the Republic. The towns and villages were reduced to heaps of ashes. But they sustained an ignominious defeat in the three-year long war and knelt down before our people. They bragged that "north Korea will not be able to stand up again for 100 years".

But this was a miscalculation of the gangsters engrossed in destruction and plunder.

The great leader set about guiding the postwar rehabilitation and construction with an iron-strong conviction that a new life can be built again as long as there are the people, the territory, the Party and the people's power.

Already convinced of victory even in the grim days of the war, the iron-willed brilliant commander Comrade Kim Il Sung mapped out a plan to build a rich and strong state and pushed forward the preparations for it. World-wide attention was then focussed on the Korean war. At such a tense moment the thunder of blasting for the peaceful construction came from Korea, overpowering the roar of guns; the land survey work was in progress for large-scale nature-remaking projects. The young soldiers who were fighting on the front, weapons in hands, were called back to their schools. The grim Fatherland Liberation War ended in our victory. A meeting was held to celebrate it. Immediately after this, the great leader went to the destroyed factories and villages, where he taught the people the ways and means of rehabilitation and construction and encouraged them.

The experience in actual life brought to our people the unshakable conviction that the road indicated by the great leader leads them straight to victory and glory and that there is nothing they can't do as long as they are under his guidance. They launched themselves into the task of rehabilitation with war-time intensity displayed in knocking down the US imperialists.

An open-hearth furnace with 50-ton capacity destroyed by the US imperialist aggressors gave way to the one with 100-ton capacity in less than a year. Brick buildings were erected in the places where straw-thatched houses stood but were burnt down. Built on the war debris were blast furnaces, machine-building factories and textile mills. Cities and villages were reconstructed. The postwar Three-Year Plan (1954-56) was fulfilled to the extent of 122 per cent. Industrial and agricultural output exceeded the pre-war level by far. These successes were due to the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and the struggle our people waged for speedy rehabilitation and construction as heroically as they had fought off the aggressors during the war.

Without Slightest Vacillation

The burglarious designs of the US imperialist aggressors remained tenacious and nefarious as ever. Their frantic moves for a new war have lasted to this date ever since they signed the Korean Armistice Agreement. But the ever-present danger of war caused by the manoeuvrings of the US imperialists and the south Korean puppets could not check our people's struggle for the creation of a new life.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"We should neither overestimate nor underestimate the danger of war and the effect of its destruction on our socialist construction. Even if there is a growing danger of war, we must energetically continue with economic construction to make the country rich and strong, to improve the people's living standard and to accelerate the forward march of socialism and communism, while further increasing the defence potentials."

Responding to the great leader's teaching our people turned out in the dynamic endeavours for the socialist economic construction without the slightest wavering under any circumstances. They worked with such spirit as displayed in giving sledge-hammer blows to the enemy on the positive task of stepping up production and construction. In this course, a miraculous speed was created in the building of the economy.

The US imperialists and their lackeys were in a fit of frenzy in their "march to north" racket, when our people set about laying the foundations of industrialization. Under the wise guidance of the great leader they coped with the enemy's war moves by bringing about the revolutionary upsurge in the economic construction. Thus came the great Chollima Movement.

In the area south of the Demarcation Line the robbers were watching for a chance of aggression, daggers in their hands. But in Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, a vigorous campaign for construction was going on: modern multi-storied dwelling houses were springing up at a remarkable speed, a flat in 14 minutes. Many schools and hospitals, a grand theatre and Students and Children's Palace mushroomed one after another. War wounds were healed. Machine-building factories were reconstructed and expanded. Tractors, trucks, bulldozers and excavators were turned out. In the course of the grand Chollima advance the solid foundations of industrialization were laid and a crushing blow was dealt at the aggressors' "march to the north" campaign.

The US imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo" was captured in 1968 and the large-size spy plane "EC-121" was shot down by the self-defence measures of our people. The situation in our country was strained still more. The robber US imperialists deployed huge armed forces close to our territory and openly tried armed invasion, raving about some sort of "retaliation". They were just like a thief crying "stop thief".

However, their blackmail could not frighten our people, who built up the powerful potentials for the country's defence in accordance with the Party's policy of simultaneously carrying on the building of the economy and defences. Our people never slackened their economic construction designed for the completion of industrialization, maintaining a resolute stand that they would retaliate for the "retaliation" of the aggressors and return all-out war for all-out war. Our people kept up a dynamic struggle for increased production with the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance while exerting efforts to increase the defence capacity for the fundamental interests of the revolution. This resulted in the successful promotion of the huge task of creating an independent modern industry and effecting the overall technological reconstruction of the national economy. In 1970 our country, which once remained a backward colonial and semi-feudal state, caught up with the industrially developed countries in the per capita output of major industrial products—electricity, coal, steel, cement and so forth—or surpassed them in some items; and built the modern light industrial base which would meet on its own the demand of the working people for consumer goods. Agriculture and all other branches of the national economy were equipped with the up-to-date technology.

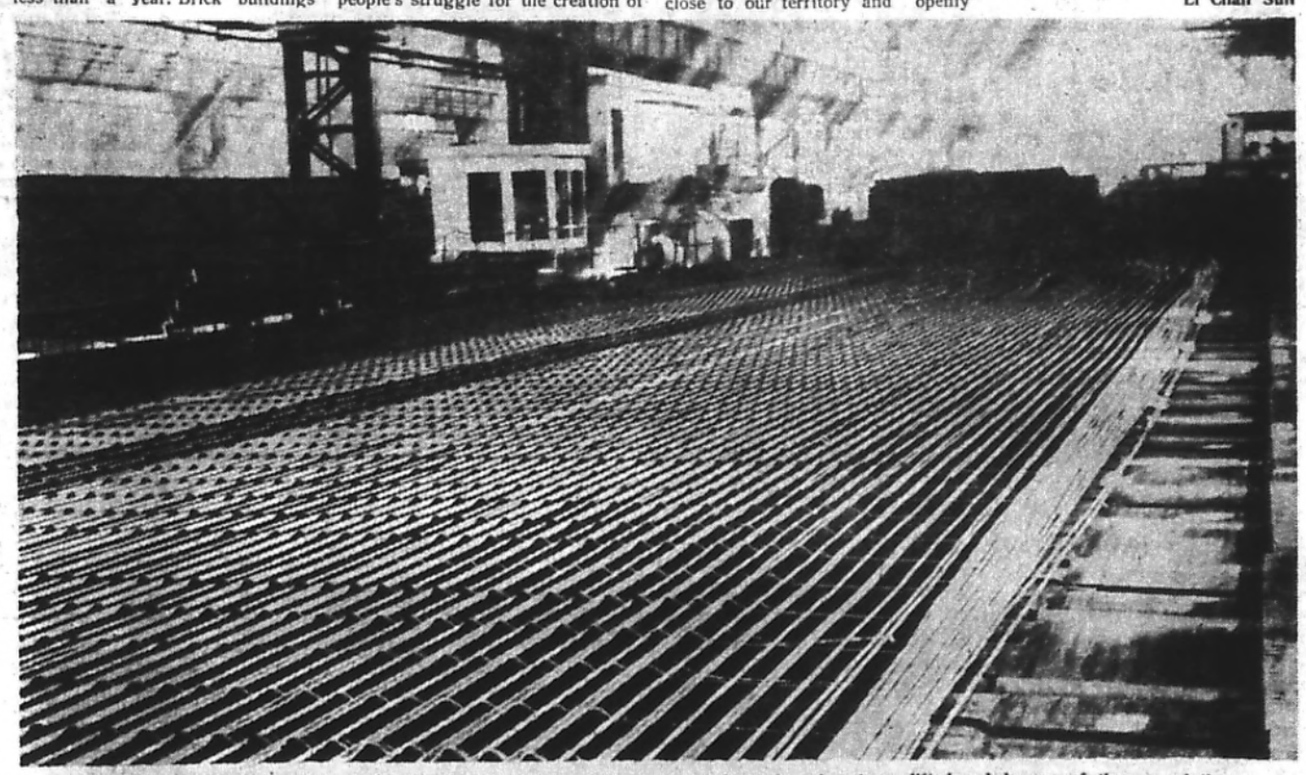
The difficult and complex task of industrialization—which took the capitalist countries a full century or even a few centuries—was accomplished in our country in only 14 years under such strained situation.

The US imperialist aggressors made a last-ditch efforts to start a new war.

Our people, however, exerted all efforts for the grand socialist construction, holding aloft the banner of three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural, suggested by the great leader. The result was that the Six-Year Plan was fulfilled ahead of schedule. Now, they are advancing toward a new victory with greater vigour.

The US imperialist aggressors can never curb the forward advance of our people towards building a rich and strong country in a reunified Korea, whatever manoeuvres they may engineer.

Li Chan Sun



The Songjin Steel Works brings about fresh upsurge in production of rolled stock under the uplifted red banner of three revolutions

True Patriotism Devoted to Blessed Socialist Homeland

Story of Women Volunteers on Labour Front in Chongjin City

This is the era of the glorious Workers' Party, an era in which the whole society is swept by the Juche idea, and the new Juche-type men, the revolutionary fighters imbued with genuine patriotism, come forth in great numbers.

They are ready to dedicate everything to the Party and the revolution, their hearts full of the unblemished loyalty to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung. In fact, they make up the honourable ranks in our era. Among them we find the housewives in Chongjin City.

The great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"Socialist patriotism is the patriotism of the working class and the working people aspiring to socialism and communism; it combines class consciousness with the spirit of national independence, love for one's class and social system with that for one's nation and fatherland."

The housewives in Chongjin City volunteered for patriotic labour service about four years ago and have ever since worked displaying noble and purest patriotism on the construction site of a giant metallurgical base in the northern tip of our country, because they were deeply conscious that the way of justifying the greatest-ever favour given by the fatherly leader was to devote their all to the sacred endeavours for the prosperity and development of the socialist motherland, true to the lofty intention of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Responding to Great Affection with Loyalty

All the people in Chongjin gave themselves up to the tumult of emotion and excitement one day in October 1973, when a stirring news reached them that at an enlarged meeting of the Political Committee of the Party Central Committee the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung set forth a militant task of stepping up the expansion project of the Kim Chaek Iron and Steel Works, one of the major metallurgical centres in the northern area, and bringing it to completion at an early date.

The Songpyong District in Chongjin inhabited by many workers of the Kim Chaek Iron and Steel Works presented a scene of lovely conversations about a brilliant prospect of the country.

"Our iron works will be expanded into a big metallurgical base stretching out to the whole expanse of the Nongpo Plains."

"It is said that modern dwellings of workers will spring up in rows and water piping be laid at the same time."

These were the fragments of the conversations exchanged by the smelters' wives and mothers who at other time should have turned their thoughts first to white rape and garden radish to be pickled in preparation for wintering.

The people were deeply stirred when they, picturing to their minds a radical change to be brought about in the Nongpo Plains, recalled the deep concern shown and strenuous efforts made by the fatherly leader for that end.

One day in April 1946, in the first spring following liberation, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung visited Chongjin and, without allowing himself even a short time to banish fatigue of long travel, went up to Mt. Chonma-san which commanded a bird's-eye view of the city.

The fatherly leader looked down at the Nongpo Plains far below for a while, lost in deep thought. Presently, he said that Chongjin was a town of great significance in the building of a new country and advanced a long-range task to turn the vast Nongpo Plains into a powerful, big metallurgical base of the country, into a town of iron and steel making.

Since then, with a view to carrying his far-reaching plan into execution he took many a trip for on-the-spot guidance to the northern area, forgetting even sleep and rest and, sometimes, defying the biting cold in winter.

Many years flew by. Thanks to the wise guidance and minute care of the great leader Chongjin underwent great changes beyond recognition.

Always uppermost in the minds of the wives and mothers of workers of the iron and steel works was the thought of the great favour granted by the fatherly leader. Now, he mapped out another blueprint that promised them still a brighter future. Naturally, they felt strong urge to do something more worthwhile so as to contribute to the country which was making giant strides forward and thus leave feats behind the history of the country.

"The whole country is giving a helping hand to the expansion project of the iron and steel works. We folks born and bred in this city have to do our bit for the project, isn't that so?"

This was the unanimous thinking of the stirred-up wives and mothers of the steel makers of Kim Chaek living in Songpyong District. At such a time a housewife made up her mind to volunteer for labour service. So, she took up a shovel and hurried to her younger sister's home and encouraged her, saying:

"You ought to behave yourself the way you should now. You're not going to only receive the benefit from the state, staying at home without doing anything to speak of, simply because you are a housewife, are you? We have to do something a bit in the interests of this blessed society. We must start before we are too old to do that. Let's go to the construction site of filtration plant to give a helping hand."

Her younger sister fully shared her inmost desire to display all her patriotic sincerity for the socialist homeland, loyally holding the fatherly leader in high esteem.

A bitter memory of the miserable life during the dark period before liberation flooded back to their minds, interwoven with the thought of their present-day, immensely happy and fruitful life and the brighter future ahead of the younger generations. The two sisters keenly perceived how great the fatherly leader's favour was and how invaluable the socialist fatherland was.

"That is a good idea, sister," responded her younger sister.

Such an irresistible urge was not confined to the two sisters but was common among all other people, motivated by a poignant realization that they could find the genuine life full of unbounded hope and happiness nowhere else than their homeland of Juche built up by the fatherly leader Comrade Kim Il Sung. As housewives, they had merely attended their husbands, sons and daughters in the onward movement, allowing themselves to lag behind the advancing columns. That was all they had done till then. Now, their urge to do something more grew stronger and stronger.

This was how the two sisters left home and soon arrived at the construction site of filtration plant, only to find it teeming with other women volunteers from many districts of the city. The whole plain was pervaded with the great eagerness for work.

Flowers of Patriotism in Full Bloom on the Land of Juche

Encouraged by the great affection and prompted by the fervent zeal and aspirations, the housewives organized themselves into the Chongjin City Women Volunteers Shock Brigade. Through all the innumerable, proud achievements that this honourable Brigade made on its way of advancement ran the evidence of their unabated allegiance and patriotism.

This happened when all in the construction site started worrying

(Continued on Page 3)

US IMPERIALISTS—RINGLEADER OF AGGRESSION AND WAR, DISTURBER OF WORLD PEACE

US Imperialism Ignited Korean War

Facts Tell

THE US imperialists unleashed an aggressive war in Korea on June 25, 1950.

The following facts are enough to show that the US imperialists triggered the Korean war.

I.F. Stone, a well-known US journalist and writer, wrote in his book "The Hidden History of the Korean War" to the following effect:

At the time of outbreak of the Korean war, it was believed that the responsibility rested totally with north Korea. With the lapse of a year's time that followed it became known that the fact was in a shroud of considerable obscurity. Many facts were disclosed, the one contradictory to the other... Our attention was drawn to a series of even more mysterious situation.

The following conclusion we are going to make tells what actually happened when the Korean war started. This conviction of ours became firmer... We were convinced that the Korean war... was an outcome of the premeditated aggression by those who had interests in war in the Far East.

Stone's testimony was supported by Wedemeyer, who had been to south Korea in the summer of 1947 as a special envoy of the US President, when he said in his report to this vein:

The unification and independence of Korea will inevitably become a serious menace in view of the interests of the United States as a whole. It should therefore be tolerated on no account. The military occupation must be extended to the whole of Korea.

In mid-January 1950 Roberts, Head of US Military Mission, said: "The expedition against the North is now an established plan and the time of its execution is not far ahead of us."

Careful Preparation

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung pointed out:

"By 1950 the US imperialists completed the work of turning south Korea into their base, a military strategic base for aggression on the Far East. Then in June the same year they launched an armed invasion of our country to start an aggressive war."

The US imperialists reinforced, first of all, the south Korean puppet army in a big way. The "national garrison troops" were reorganized into "ROK Army" which had five divisions. In June 1949 it grew 100,000 strong or eight divisions and 150,000 strong by June 1950.

In preparing the Korean war they grudged no money and war supplies.

Even according to the official data, the military aid of more than 190 million dollars went to the south Korean puppets in 1949 alone. According to this aid quantities of combat equipment and war supplies such as weapons, ammunition, planes, tanks and naval vessels were shipped to south Korea to equip the puppet army.

In his testimony made at the US House Appropriations Committee on May 9, 1950, Johnson, Chief of the "ECA" Office in south Korea, said that "the men and officers of the south Korean army equipped with US weapons and trained by Americans wound up preparations and are ready to start war at any moment."

US magazine "Life" wrote: We can hardly find, throughout all the years of our history, an instance that war was so fully prepared as at the time it started in Korea.

War Order Following Planned Military Acts

The US imperialists deliberately strained the situation by setting off military clashes in the area along the 38th parallel before they lighted a fuse to war.

They had been engrossed in premeditated armed assaults and espionage and subversive activities against the northern half of the Republic since 1947. In 1949 military acts developed into large-scale armed invasion.

In 1949 alone there were 1,836 armed attacks. Here are a few instances: The 3,700 men of the first division of the puppet army attacked Mt. Unpa-san from May to June. The "Horim unit" of the puppet army swooped down on Yangyang county, Kangwon Province, and Mt. Kobong-san in February and June. Under the command of the US Military Mission and the commander of the first division of the puppet army 5,600 men assaulted Mt. Songak-san northwest of Kaesong in July.

All these constituted a link in the whole chain of their planned moves to find a pretext for war and shift the blame on to us when they trigger it off.

Having finished all their preparations for aggressive war, the US imperialists sent Dulles, the then US Secretary of State, to south Korea to give the Syngman Rhee puppet clique an instruction to open the hostilities against the north.

On June 18, 1950 Dulles came to south Korea on a special mission given by Truman, war boss of US imperialism. He inspected the frontline and finally checked up on the war preparations of the puppet army. Then he gave the Syngman Rhee puppet clique the following instruction:

"Now the time is ripe. Start the invasion against north Korea. If you can but hold out for two weeks, everything will go smoothly, for during this period the United States, by accusing north Korea of attacking south Korea, will compel the United Nations to take action. And in the name of the United Nations, the US land, naval and air forces will be mobilized". War in Korea thus became imminent.

In June 1950 alone the Government of the Republic which treasures peace put forward rational proposals to the south Korean side more than once with a view to removing tension and preventing a fratricidal war by all means and realizing the independent, peaceful reunification of the country in accordance with the unanimous desire of the fellow countrymen.

The US imperialists and the Syngman Rhee clique, however, answered them with war on June 25, 1950.

On June 21, 1950 the chief of staff of the south Korean puppet army ordered the commanders of the units under his jurisdiction to attack the north all at once at 5 a.m. on the 25th, on the instructions from US imperialists.

This was how the US imperialists ignited the aggressive war in Korea.

Kim Dong Ok

On June 25, 1950 the US imperialists and the south Korean puppet clique started a surprise armed attack against the northern half of the Republic

Row of Military Exercise Raised by US Imperialists and South Korean Puppet Clique—a Vicious Criminal Act Increasing Danger of War in Korea

Spokesman of DPRK Foreign Ministry Issues Statement

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people sternly denounce the reckless row of war exercise raised by the United States and the south Korean puppet clique as a grave threat to peace in Korea, Asia and the world.

So declared the spokesman of the DPRK Foreign Ministry in a statement issued on June 19 in denunciation of the announcement that the United States and the south Korean puppet clique will stage a "south Korea-US naval and marine joint amphibious exercise" in the Pohang area, south Korea, from June 28 to July 7.

The statement said:

The so-called "UN Command" blared that it "will plan and carry out joint amphibious operations of the south Korean and US allied forces". This row of military exercise is one more open challenge to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and a vicious criminal act aggravating tension and increasing the danger of war in Korea.

At the 30th Session of the UN General Assembly, a decision was adopted on disbanding the "UN Command" and withdrawing all the foreign troops present in south Korea under the UN flag. But the United States, ignoring it, announced that it would stage the above war exercise, still using the name of the "UN Command." This is an intolerable mockery of and an open challenge to the United Nations and the world peace-loving people.

Large-scale war exercises staged by the US imperialists one after another in south Korea this year fully expose before the world that they are the very criminal barring the peaceful settlement of the Korean question and increasing the tension.

At the beginning of the year the United States and the south Korean puppet clique brought F-111 fighter-bombers of the latest type into south Korea from the US mainland and conducted the south Korea-US joint air assault operation and then the south Korea-US joint naval amphibious mobile exercise called Operation Yellow Dragon.

The United States shipped into south Korea 4,600 tons of ammunition of various kinds including rocket shells from a powder magazine in Japan, the "biggest in its scale in Asia", in recent 8 days alone. This is a military move that could be taken by the imperialists only on the eve of war of aggression.

All facts go to prove that the danger of new war that exists in Korea comes not from the "threat of southward aggression" from the north but from the threat of northward aggression from the south.

The US imperialists are rendering the situation tenser, frequently staging war exercises in south Korea. This is, in the final analysis, aimed at keeping our country divided into "two Koreas," retaining their grip on south Korea as their colony and military base, instigating the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to intensify their crackdown upon the south Korean people's movement for democracy and establishing their domination over Asia, with south Korea as a stronghold.

But this is no more than an unfeasible illusion.

The US ruling circles should clearly know that they can no longer behave as they please in Asia today.

If the United States persists in its manoeuvres to start a new war in Korea, it will suffer an irretrievable, heavier defeat.

The United States should immediately stop its manoeuvres for aggression and war in Korea and disband the "UN Command", withdraw its forces of aggression from south Korea and come out to talks for replacing the Armistice Agreement with a peace agreement according to the decision of the 30th UN General Assembly Session.

The Korean people will, in the future, too, do everything possible to force the US troops to withdraw from south Korea and solve the question of Korean reunification independently and peacefully by the efforts of the Koreans themselves, without any outside interference.

We are convinced that the socialist countries, the third world countries and all the peace-loving people the world over will denounce the US imperialists' new war provocation manoeuvres in south Korea and more actively support and encourage the Korean people in their just struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

BARBARIANS IN 20TH CENTURY

US Imperialists' Savage Atrocities in Aggressive Korean War

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"Engels once called the British army the most brutal army. During World War II, the German fascist army outdid the British army in its savagery. The human brain could not imagine more diabolical and horrible barbarities than those committed by the Hitlerite villains.

"But in Korea, the Yankees surpassed the Hitlerites by far."

The US imperialist aggressors tried by hook or by crook to attain their end in the war of aggression on Korea that lasted more than three years.

They perpetrated the most criminal and barbarous atrocities, reducing everything on the ground to heaps of ashes and killing any people they could lay hands on in the peaceful towns, farm and fishing villages and even in out-of-the-way mountain areas of our country.

During the war the US imperialist marauders burnt or destroyed more than 8,700 buildings of factories and enterprises and production equipment, over 605,500 dwellings, 5,000 schools and upwards, 1,000 or more hospitals and clinics and thousands of cultural and welfare establishments in the northern half of the Republic. Moreover, they devastated over 370,000 *chongbo* of farmland. Towns and villages were razed to the ground.

Bombs dropped by them in the war totalled as much as over 448,000 tons. This means that one square kilometre of land received 18 bombs on an average.

The Yankee imperialist soldiers were as cruel as a pack of wolves. Their massacre of the guiltless people was indeed terrible.

Walker, Commander of the 8th Army of the US imperialist aggressor forces, gave order to his men as follows: "Don't let your hand tremble even when those who appear before you are children or old people. Kill them!" This order was put into execution everywhere the Yankee imperialist aggressors set foot. Here is an example:

They committed the most infernal barbarities in Sinchon county during their temporary occupation late in November 1950. They arrested the women and children and threw them into a powder magazine in Pamnamugol.

Harrison, commander of the US army in Sinchon area, turned up at the storage on December 7 and raved: "It is too happy for the mothers and their babies to stay together. Lock them up separately so that they may be tormented to death!"

The wollish Yankee imperialist butchers tore the little ones away from their mothers, putting down the latter's desperate resistance by shooting and beating, and put them into a warehouse nearby.

They poured gasoline over the sucklings who were crying for water and burnt them alive. Many others were starved or frozen to death. Not content with this, they sprayed gasoline over the two storages, set fire to them and burnt all to death.

In slaughtering the innocent people in Sinchon the US imperialist aggressors, the fiendish enemy, resorted to all sorts of brutal methods: they put a man in between two ox-carts, his right leg tied to one cart and his left leg to the other, and drove the carts in different directions to tear his limbs off. They killed the people by putting nails through their heads or sawing them off, drove women into the reservoir and killed them by setting off handgrenades or buried inhabitants alive. They went the length of disembowelling a woman nine months gone with child, taking out the fetus and crushing him under their feet.

Such ogreish barbarities were perpetrated by the US imperialist beasts in all other areas under their occupation. Many people were thus massacred. In Sinchon county alone more than 35,000 or one-fourth of the inhabitants were slain. About a half of them were children, the aged and women.

The US imperialists' monstrous atrocities did not end here. They went so far as to use chemical and germ weapons without hesitation. They dropped germ bombs over more than 400 places in the northern half of the Republic on some 700 occasions between January and March 1952.

The diabolical atrocities committed by the US imperialists during the Korean war were indeed without precedent in the history of mankind.

Small wonder that a French paper wrote: "The biggest atrocities ever known in the 20th century were committed by the US troops in Korea". The Commission of the International Association of Democratic Lawyers which investigated the Yankee imperialist aggressors' atrocities in Korea bitterly condemned them when it announced: "What happened in Korea is not a war but a crime."

The US imperialists, cannibals in modern fashion and barbarians in the 20th century, could never bring the Korean people to their knees but sustained a miserable setback in face of their undaunted struggle.

They, however, failed to draw a lesson from the Korean war. Now they keep south Korea under their occupation and commit savage atrocities almost every day. They are frantically trying to start another aggressive war.

If the US imperialist aggressors, the sworn enemy, dare kindle the flame of war in Korea, our people will certainly take vengeance a thousand and one times and wipe the Yankee imperialist wolves out of Korea to the last man.

Pak Jong Gu

The fiendish US imperialist aggressors separately locked up more than 400 guiltless women and over 100 babies in two warehouses and savagely killed them. This photo was taken in Sinchon county, South Hwanghae Province

(Continued from Page 2)

about what was to be done, as the gravel which would make up a layer on the filtering bed failed to reach according to the priority of turn already set.

The women volunteers from Pohang District did not grumble about that failure before the functionaries of the construction office nor did they sit back waiting for arrival of the gravel, saying that it could not be helped, but, turning up their sleeves, proposed that they be allowed to collect the gravel by themselves.

"Why, do you think the gravel pit is within a calling distance? Wait a day longer, and you shall have as much gravel as you want and as standardized at that. What is the need for you to take a six-kilometre long trip?"

So said one of the functionaries of the construction office involuntarily. But their reaction was quite a surprise to him.

"Do you want us to wait? If we have to wait as you tell us to, we wouldn't show up here but could stay home and wait till water gushes out from the tap. What do you think we are here for? We cannot wait even a few hours, much less a day."

They lost no time to leave the spot and ran headlong toward the gravel pit, where they worked like blazes to collect the gravel. And then they saw that its layer was placed on the filtering bed as standardized and in regular sequence.

The women volunteers did all work the way a master should do. This was because they were deeply aware that their efforts to execute the fatherly leader's great plan were for the interests of themselves and their country as well.

The devoted labour service of the Chongjin City Women Volunteers Shock Brigade lasted not a day or two but nearly four years in defiance of any difficulty and unfavourable working conditions, be it snowy, rainy or windy. What was they after in their labour efforts for the expansion project of the Kim Chaek Iron and Steel Works?

One day the functionaries of workshop No. 3 of the metal factory construction office held a discussion meeting on how the women volunteers are to be paid for their labour.

This news came to the women volunteers of the Sunam District. Deeply hurt at the functionaries' failure in understanding the way they felt, they called on them and said:

"During the war our parents and husbands fought the battle at the risk of their lives to defend the hills of our homeland. Did they do so for remuneration? No! Not at all. Don't get worried for nothing! We are free from any anxiety and care in our daily life. What do we need any remuneration for?"

Their allegiance and patriotism were pure and clean beyond measure. They acquitted well of their task in various sectors of the expansion project of the iron works such as the construction sites of filtration plant, blast furnace and coke oven. The four years of their labour service without pay were marked by splendid achievements.

In accordance with the far-sighted policy the construction of a giant metallurgical base in Chongjin is now progressing by leaps and bounds. This is ascribable to the fact that the hero-builders engaged in the project are practicing intense loyalty and that prevalent among the women volunteers is the ardent desire to work harder, do something a bit more, for the country and society, not for remuneration or personal honour, so as to justify the fatherly leader's great favour with allegiance.

Pak Song Ik

US Imperialists Try to Unleash Another War in Korea

THE great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"Recent developments show that a war may be unleashed again at any moment in our country by US imperialism."

These days the new war provocation moves of the US imperialists against the northern half of the Republic have reached a very grave stage.

This is borne out by the fact that they are increasing the numerical strength of their troops occupying south Korea in a big way and shipping into south Korea up-to-date military equipment in large quantities, following their setback in Indochina.

They have augmented the numerical strength of their troops in south Korea by 4,000. Later, besides their aggressive armed forces 42,000 strong already made public, they have brought into south Korea the missile command, the air force defence command and the Phantom fighter tactical air corps.

The US imperialists equipped their aggressor troops in south Korea with F-4-E Phantoms, different kinds of missiles, latest-type tanks, anti-tank missiles, high-speed war ships, large-calibre atomic guns.

Recently the US House Appropriations Committee earmarked 900 million dollars for the upkeep of US troops in south Korea for the fiscal year 1976-77 in an attempt to put fresh spurs to their preparations for aggressive war. The figure shows an increase of 300 or 400 million dollars as compared with the annual expenditure in the foregoing years.

The US imperialists are also pushing forward the modernization of the south Korean puppet army.

Last year they handed over to the south Korean puppets 60 F-5-E and F-5-F fighters worth 250 million dollars, F-4-E fighters worth 178 million dollars and warship guided missiles and other vessel equipment and spare parts worth 84 million dollars and even facilities of solid-propellant rockets used for strategic weapons.

The US imperialists openly declare that the greater part of their assistance for security goes to south Korea. They are now raving that they will give south Korea military and economic aid worth 757 million dollars in the fiscal year 1976-77.

That they are bringing the situation in Korea to the brink of war is clearly seen in their reexamination of their operational plan envisaging the use of nuclear weapons, establishment of the system of operational command and completion of reorganization and redeployment of aggressive armed forces.

They have already mapped out the "plan for 9-day operations", a plan designed to bring the northern half of the Republic under their control by a "blitzkrieg" through mobilization of the Okinawa-based B-52 strategic bombers in case of war outbreak in Korea. And they are croaking even about the "5-day war theory" intended to wind up war within five days through the total mobilization of their military equipment and potential in case of emergency.

In accordance with these short war plans, they reorganized the operational command system by unifying the UN Command, the US Command and the 8th US Army Command into a single command. They moved the defence line of their aggressor troops close to the Military Demarcation Line.

In step with these moves large-scale aerodromes, harbours and strategic roads are being built in different parts of south Korea.

Nor is this all. They drew up an operational plan for hurling into Korea their aggressor armed forces deployed outside south Korea and are now conducting intensive war games.

In Okinawa built as an advanced base of aggression on Korea, terrain-familiarizing training flight, nuclear bomb dropping training, tank-attacking training and anti-guerilla warfare training are staged extensively. Obviously the aim is to make a surprise attack on our Republic. Even in the Pacific area and the US mainland, manoeuvres are carried on in a big way so that their aggressive armed forces can be transported to Korea and Okinawa at once.

Recently B-52 strategic bombers made two flights from Guam to Okinawa on the pretext of escaping from typhoon. In March last F-111 fighter bombers were introduced to south Korea from the US mainland.

The US imperialists are planning to bring in even the Japanese Self-Defence Forces in case they ignite a war of aggression in Korea.

A tripartite military alliance has already been formed between the US imperialists, Japan and south Korean puppets on the basis of US-Japan, south Korea-US and south Korea-Japan security system. The US imperialists are planning on using the Japanese territory as a starting base, operational and supply base and nuclear attack base for war in Korea. Their plan was already approved by the Japanese government.

The system of giving air-raid alarm and the system of exchanging military information have been established between the south Korean puppet army and the Japanese Self-Defence Forces.

The US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique under their manipulation are now steeping themselves in military exercises in the air, on the ground and sea of south Korea in simulated attack on the north and are perpetrating military provocations to find an excuse for war outbreak, thereby aggravating the situation to the extreme.

March this year witnessed war exercises in which F-111 fighter bombers and other latest type armed equipment were mobilized. On March 8 there took place a large-scale war game called "Operation Yellow Dragon", with the participation of US imperialist aggressor troops in south Korea and south Korean puppet naval and air forces. And from the 25th there was a 28-day long landing operation exercise called naval joint amphibious operation. In this exercise the Okinawa- and Yokosuka-based US marine corps and south Korean puppet troops took part.

Criminal acts and military provocations committed by the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique in the first two months of this year against the north amount to more than 5,000.

What attracts special attention is that recently the US imperialists have made a large shipment of ammunition from the Ikeko powder magazine in Zushi, Kanagawa Prefecture in Japan to south Korea, the like of which had not been witnessed even during the Viet Nam war. This was another expression of extremely aggravated situation in Korea.

Their shipment of 4,600 tons of ammunition from Japan to south Korea shows that their moves to start a new war have entered a very grave stage.

A very dangerous situation in which war may break out at any moment has thus been created.

Today the maintenance of peace in Korea is guaranteed entirely by the invariable peace-loving endeavours of the Government of our Republic and our people's patience.

But the US imperialists should know that the patience of the Korean people has also a limit.

If they do not want to suffer the ignominious defeat they had sustained in the last Korean war, they must immediately stop their war moves in Korea and quit south Korea at once, taking along all their aggressive armed forces and lethal weapons in accordance with the UN resolution.

Kim Pyong

PEOPLE OF NON-ALIGNED COUNTRIES WILL SHATTER IMPERIALISTS' MANOEUVRES FOR SPLIT AND ALIENATION

Ours is an era of independence and an era of the anti-imperialist revolutionary struggle.

The US-led imperialists and colonialists are sinking into the inextricable morass of predicament as they are dealt sledge-hammer blows by the powerful struggle and tremendous influence of the people of non-aligned countries, the new-emerging forces—the great anti-imperialist revolutionary forces of our times.

The great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"While stepping up the war preparations, the US imperialists are now scheming to find a solution by splitting the countries of the third world and destroying them one by one".

The imperialists and colonialists are going to rack and ruin rapidly with the passage of time. Especially the US imperialists, the most brazen-faced aggressor at the present times and the dangerous stifler of the national liberation struggle, freedom and independence, are sustaining bitterer defeat, isolated further from the world's people. They are now on the brink of downfall. In an attempt to find a way out they are resorting to crafty double-faced tactics.

On the one hand, they are openly pursuing the policy of "strength" and, on the other, are putting up the signboard of "peace" to fool the people and are attacking the revolutionary forces the world over. Particularly to be noted here is that the US imperialists are trying to drive a wedge among the countries and nations of new-emerging forces so as to split and alienate them from each other and thus undermine their unity. At the same time, they are manoeuvring to take advantage of their vulnerable points in disorganizing them from within. All these are a desperate move to achieve their nefarious, aggressive aim easily.

History tells that the blood-sheding conflict and tribe dispute in a number of the Asian, African and Latin American countries were all caused by the US imperialists' double-faced tactics and their manoeuvres for split and alienation.

In recent years the US imperialists' cunning plots were concentrically revealed in relation to the Angolan and the West Saharan question.

The US imperialists launched outrageous armed intervention against Angola in an attempt to stifle in its cradle the Angolan People's Republic—the gain won by the heroic Angolan people through their long-drawn bloody struggle for liberation. Meanwhile, they machinated to deliberately complicate the Angolan problem, sow discord among the national independent states in Africa and make them fight among themselves.

The US imperialists are instigating the Spanish colonialists and the Moroccan reactionaries to engineer all sorts of obstructionist manoeuvres so as to prevent the West Saharan question from being peacefully solved on the principle of national self-determination and in accordance with the will and desire of the people. Furthermore, they are viciously trying to alienate the states concerned from each other and set them at feud by craftily taking advantage of the complex process of the development of history of the country.

The present-day failure in the endeavours for solution of the Middle East problem and the prolonged tension in this area are accredited precisely to the US imperialists' stratagems and their schemes for alienation.

In the Middle East the US imperialists continue to give more dollars and lethal weapons to the Israeli aggressors and impel them toward further aggressive acts against the Arab people. At the same time, they are hatching sinister plots to stir up distrust among the Arab countries and weaken and break up the front of their anti-US, anti-Israeli struggle.

The imperialists are stretching out their crooked hands not only to Africa and the Middle East but also to Asia and Latin America.

They are resorting to crafty plots and artifices to incite antagonism between the countries which produce and sell petroleum and other resources and the countries which buy and consume them—both are the countries belonging to the new-emerging forces—and to hamper the countries of new-emerging forces from taking concerted action in their struggle to defend their own natural wealth, and destroy the old international economic order. This is well known to the public.

The prevailing situation demands that the people of non-aligned countries, the new-emerging forces, and all the progressive people throughout the world unite more firmly than ever under the uplifted revolutionary banner of anti-imperialism and independence.

In order to unite it is necessary for the non-aligned countries to organically combine their own interests with those of the non-aligned movement as a whole, pool their strength in pursuance of the common aim of this movement and cooperate closely in the domains of the economy and technology.

The non-aligned countries should keep sharp vigilance against the imperialists' plots for split and alienation. They should not play into their hands and follow them, but should strive to solve the outstanding questions—the leftover of colonial rule—on the principle of unity and by mutual agreement.

In recent years the people of non-aligned countries, the new-emerging forces, gained a wealth of good experience in their anti-imperialist struggle—winning victories by welding themselves together, uniting voices and taking concerted action under the banner of independence against imperialism and colonialism.

During the Fourth Middle East War the Arab countries laid collectively the embargo on the export of petroleum to the imperialists who were helping the Israeli aggressors. This proved a telling blow to them.

At the 30th Session of the UN General Assembly the non-aligned states, the new-emerging forces, frustrated all descriptions of the US imperialists' plots through their united joint struggle in cooperation with the socialist countries and had the reasonable resolution on the Korean question adopted—the resolution calling for dissolution of the "UN Command" in south Korea, withdrawal of the US troops therefrom and replacement of the Armistice Agreement with a peace agreement. The session also adopted a resolution that denounced the Zionists as racists.

This was not all. The countries of new-emerging forces laid bare and condemned the criminal acts of the imperialists with their united strength, drove them to bay beyond retrieve and saw that the resolutions were adopted to meet the interests of the progressive people, at a series of international conferences in recent years such as the Dakar Conference on Raw Materials of the Developing Countries, the Summit Conference of the Petroleum Exporting Countries, the Conference of Foreign Ministers of the Non-aligned States in Lima, Peru, and 7th Special UNGA Session on the Problem of Development and Economic Cooperation.

All this shows that only when the countries of new-emerging forces which have taken their place on the stage of history as masters carry on a dynamic joint struggle in firm unity can they make triumphant advance in their cause against imperialism and for independence.

As the actual life proves undeniably, the united strength of the people of non-aligned countries, the new-emerging forces, is indestructible.

That is why the imperialists and colonialists headed by US imperialism fear their unity more than anything else and leave no means untried in their frantic efforts to destroy that unity. This, however, is no more than a last-ditch struggle of the moribund and is an expression of their vulnerability.

As in the past, so in the future, the people of non-aligned countries, the new-emerging forces, and the progressive people the world over will creditably carry through their sacred cause by further strengthening their unity and cooperation and by shattering at every step the nefarious double-faced tactics of the US-led imperialists, particularly their plots for split and alienation and their destroy-one-by-one strategy. Particular mention should be made of the fact that the forthcoming Fifth Summit Conference of Non-aligned Countries will intensify international solidarity of the countries of new-emerging forces and thus will be an event of historic importance in their struggle against imperialism and for independence.

The Korean people are closely linked together with the people of non-aligned countries, the countries of new-emerging forces, in the common cause against imperialism and for independence. Our people treasure the solidarity and cooperation with these peoples. They will in the future, too, do all they can to further strengthen them and thus foil the US imperialists' manoeuvres for split and alienation.

Cho Ho Rim

We Call Once Again for Wide-range North-South Dialogue and We Are Ready to Hold This Dialogue at Any Time

Kim Man Gum, Presidium Member of DFRF CC, Issues Statement

Kim Man Gum, Member of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland, made public a statement on June 15, emphasizing: Eagerly desirous of the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, we hold once again that a wide-range north-south dialogue fully reflecting the will of the whole nation should be realized without delay and we are ready to hold this dialogue at any time.

He made public this statement in connection with the assertions of south Korean democrats that the north-south dialogue should be resumed at an early date and the dialogue be participated in by various political parties and organizations on a "non-governmental basis".

These assertions of south Korean democrats, he said, are an expression of an ardent desire to make the north-south dialogue a dialogue truly for reunification.

He noted:

Considering that the assertions of the south Korean political circle that the north-south dialogue should be held on a "non-governmental basis" conform with our consistent policy of widening the scope of dialogue and may contribute to the realization of the cause of the country's reunification, we appreciate them positively.

Exposing that the south Korean authorities have brought the north-south dialogue to a rupture, he said:

We keep still now the door open to the dialogue.

If the south Korean authorities also have the genuine intention to make the north-south dialogue one for reunification, they must pay heed to the just assertions of the south Korean political and public circles and must not hamper their realization.

The dialogue will be resumed if the south Korean authorities stop suppressing democrats, set free the arrested and detained youth, students and patriotic figures, put an end to the fascist rule, "anti-communist" rows, nation-splitting manoeuvres and new war provocation manoeuvres and strive for reunification.

Seventh Anniversary of Rectification Measures in Democratic Yemen

Today the people of Democratic Yemen observe the memorable 7th anniversary of the rectification measures.

The rectification measures were taken on June 22, 1969. This was an event of epochal significance in the struggle of the people of Democratic Yemen for the defence of the revolutionary gains and the independent development of the country.

On this occasion, the Korean people extend warm congratulations and greetings to the friendly people of Democratic Yemen.

In his message to Salem Rubaya Ali, Chairman of the Presidential Council of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The Korean people sincerely rejoice over the great successes scored by the people of Democratic Yemen in the building of a new society under the correct leadership of yourself and the Political Organization of the National Front after the rectification measures."

Since the rectification measures the people of Democratic Yemen have achieved great successes in the struggle to eliminate the aftermaths of colonial rule and build a new society.

The government of Democratic Yemen promulgated the law on nationalization and nationalized the companies and enterprises owned by imperialists and colonialists in the key branches of the national economy and built many factories and enterprises. This has led to increasing industrial output.

The government and people of Democratic Yemen devoted much attention to the development of agriculture. Irrigation projects have energetically been pushed ahead: Wells were dug and waterways built in different parts of the country. Agro-specialists were trained and agricultural science developed. As a result, the output of cotton and other farm produce is on the increase.

Great achievements have also been made in the fields of national education and public health service.

In the domain of external relations the Government of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen is pursuing the non-aligned policy under the uplifted banner of anti-imperialism and independence and positively supports the struggle of the Asian and African peoples against imperialism and colonialism.

The peoples of Korea and Democratic Yemen waged an armed struggle against imperialism and colonialism in the past. Today they are striving to build a new, prosperous society along the road of independence and self-support. This is the factor that enables the two peoples to maintain close friendly ties as comrades-in-arms and brothers.

The government and people of Democratic Yemen always express full support to and solidarity with our people in their struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

The Korean people will, in the future, too, as in the past, fight for the victory of the common cause in firm unity with the people of Democratic Yemen under the revolutionary banner of anti-imperialism and independence.

The Korean people sincerely wish the people of Democratic Yemen new greater successes in their struggle to build a prosperous, sovereign and independent state.

Kim Su Yon

Solidarity to Mozambican People in Their Struggle for Building Sovereign, Independent State

One year has passed since the people of Mozambique won a historic victory in their protracted bloody struggle against the imperialists and colonialists, declared the complete independence of their country and founded a people's republic on June 25, 1975.

On this occasion the Korean people offer warm greetings to the heroic people of Mozambique.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The independence of Mozambique and the founding of the Republic are the proud fruit of the long-drawn, heroic armed struggle the Mozambican people have waged against imperialism and colonialism under the correct leadership of the Liberation Front of Mozambique and are a great event which ushered in an era of new change in the history of the Mozambican people's struggle for putting an end to cursed colonial rule and for developing the country on autonomous and democratic lines."

A new chapter of the history of Mozambique opened with the attainment of her complete independence and the founding of the Republic.

The people of Mozambique who became the full-fledged master of the country and power have been vigorously advancing under the inspiring leadership of President Samora Moises Machel, their outstanding leader. Under the slogan: "Unity, Labour and Vigilance" they strove hard and scored great successes in smashing the enemy's subversive activities and plots, firmly defending the gains of the revolution, liquidating the backwardness and poverty, the consequences of colonial rule, and building a prosperous, sovereign and independent state.

In its external activities, the People's Republic of Mozambique holds fast to independence and develops the relations of friendship and cooperation with the socialist countries including our country and the progressive countries the world over.

The Korean people always stand firm on the side of the Mozambican people and give wholehearted support and encouragement to their righteous struggle. And the Mozambican people actively support us in our just struggle for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country.

The ties of friendship established between the peoples of the two countries in the struggle to attain the common goal and realize the common aspiration grew closer still through the visit to our country of President Samora Moises Machel in March last year. The establishment of diplomatic relations between the two countries that was made public with the proclamation of the independence of Mozambique was a new turning-point in the development of their relations.

The friendship between the peoples of Korea and Mozambique who are fighting shoulder to shoulder against imperialism, colonialism and racism and for the development of the non-aligned movement will further strengthen with the lapse of time.

The people of newly-born Mozambique who have been tempered in struggle will surely build a new, prosperous Mozambique.

Yun Hae Ik

Students of Mozambique are encouraged to participate in practical work

"Unification Church Is Direct Tool of Pak Jung Hi and Is Controlled and Guided by South Korean Secret Agents"

The south Korean puppet clique are resorting to vicious manoeuvres to perpetuate the national split under the cloak of "anti-communism" and realize their wild ambition for long-term office by leaving south Korea under the colonial domination of the foreign aggression forces indefinitely.

To this end, the puppet clique frame every conceivable plot. They use as one of their tools Mun Son Myong, a religion swindler and an agent, and "the Holy Spirit Association for the Unification of World Christianity", the plot-breeding organization rigged up by this rogue, with the zealous patronage and support of the US ruling circles.

This sham religious organization also known as "unification church" has become a target of ridicule and accusation not only in south Korea but also in the public circles of the United States and other countries for its shady manoeuvrings.

The US papers "New York Times", "Baltimore Sun" and other publications roundly exposed the ugly color of this sham religious organization, a tool of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique serving their "anti-communist" intrigues.

According to them, the members of the "unification church" have close ties with the Pak Jung Hi puppet government and the south "Korean Central Intelligence Agency" and carry on political manoeuvring on their orders.

The Pak Jung Hi clique give orders to the riffraffs of the "unification church" through the puppet subsidized organizations in the United States. One of them is the "Korean Cultural and Freedom Foundation" knocked into shape in Washington with members of the "unification church". Its first "honorary chairman" was Kim Jong Pil, the former KCIA director and former puppet prime minister. The orders of political manoeuvring were given by this wretch to the US headquarters of the "unification church".

The report on the naked political manoeuvring of the "Cultural Foundation" and other puppet subsidized organizations which give orders to the members of the "unification church" in their activities in the US compelled even a US organ to "ask the Justice Department to investigate whether the Cultural Foundation was indeed a private American organization or an agent of the Pak government, and as such in violation of the foreign agents registration act".

The tieup between the "unification church" and the puppet clique finds vivid expression also in the supply of funds.

The "unification church" and the overtly political "International Federation for Victory over Communism", its partner, have received financial support from such Japanese ultra rightists as Yoshio Kodama and Ryoichi Sasagawa, the focal figures involved in the US "Lockheed" international scandal and power brokers. It is an open secret that Yoshio Kodama is a financial supporter to the Pak Jung Hi puppet group.

The instructions, communication of information and supply of funds between the "unification church" and the Pak Jung Hi clique are realized through the so-called diplomatic channels.

For example, according to an American customs official, the US government has reason to believe that the south Korean puppet clique may have provided members of the "unification church" with the use of diplomatic channels to bring funds in the United States. Also, a former south Korean puppet diplomat in the US has testified that an agent and member of the "unification church" in the United States "has used top-level south Korean embassy communication lines to send messages from the United States to south Korea".

Li Jae Hyon who was the chief cultural and information officer of the south Korean puppet embassy in the US and defected to the United States said that "some six years after his departure from the south Korean embassy, a member of the 'unification church' still apparently had access to the embassy's highest communications channels".

The former south Korean puppet ambassador to the United States "approved the sending of a message" from the "unification church" to Seoul "through a cable channel that went only to Pak Jung Hi, the foreign minister and the head of the KCIA".

As is clear above, the "unification church" is the tool controlled and dictated by the Pak Jung Hi clique in its political manoeuvring.

Commenting on this, "the New York Times" May 25 wrote:

"The unification church organizations, however they began, are now in effect direct tools of Pak Jung Hi, who now controls every aspect of south Korean public life, and are now controlled or guided by south Korean secret agents".

The "unification church," one of the subsidized tools of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, serves entirely for underpinning the treacherous crimes of the gangsters in seeking the permanent split of the country and national estrangement.

This finds clear manifestation, first of all, in the fact that this plot-breeding organization under the religious mask rigged up the notorious "anti-communist" tool called "Federation for Victory over Communism" and is engrossed in the "anti-communist" propaganda to undermine the daily rising international prestige of our Republic and justify all manner of treacherous crimes of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique abroad. The world knows only too well what dastardly crimes the "Federation for Victory over Communism" is committing as an "anti-communist" tool of the Pak Jung Hi clique. Noteworthy is it that this despicable "anti-communist" organization has earned ill-fame by its subversive plots against the Chongryon organization; it is trying to sow discord and arouse antagonism among the compatriots in Japan and obstruct their patriotic work for their democratic, national rights and the country's independent reunification, in league with the ultra rightist reactionaries of Japan.

And the "unification church" carries on false "anti-communist" propaganda over "Radio of Free Asia" in the United States under the instructions and control of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

This radio is financed by the south Korean puppets and receives broadcasting facilities from them.

A US official said he witnessed a fund-raising meeting for "Radio of Free Asia" held with the attendance of traitor Pak Jung Hi at his mansion. According to the official, traitor Pak Jung Hi "sent out a letter, official stationery" of the puppet government for the radio project and leased his broadcasting facilities to the radio "whose broadcasts were beamed to the communist nations in Asia".

By controlling and manipulating the special agents planted in the "unification church," the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique viciously persecute and suppress overseas compatriots.

A US newspaper revealed an aspect of this when it pointed out that the "unification church, an agency of the Pak regime, has been involved in attempts to intimidate and silence south Korean emigres critical of the Pak regime".

The swindlers of the "unification church" are not only agents for the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's "anti-communist" manoeuvrings and intelligence activities, but also zealous servitors for their scheme for the provocation of a new war.

It has been exposed that one of the principal aims of the "anti-communist" organization is "the development of a dedicated group of followers from many countries who have pledged to fight in south Korea in the event of a war there". In this connection, the charlatans of the "unification church" openly blare that they would rake together "international volunteers" and hurl them into a war against the northern half of the Republic.

Another criminal act of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique is their supplying funds to those agents under the mask of religion and granting them all "favours" to produce weapons.

They reportedly gave those agents "the right to build a factory for the exclusive manufacture in south Korea of M-16 rifles, as part of the American program of military assistance to south Korea".

Besides, the charlatans of the "unification church" partake of the production of war supplies of various kinds under the aegis of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique. One of them admitted that "10 per cent of production in his factory in south Korea contains the accessories of small weapons for the south Korean government".

Another chief aim of the "unification church" is to benumb the sound consciousness of people and spread erotism and immorality to corrupt and degenerate them. This vividly shows what despicable subsidized tool it is.

For example, this reactionary organization stages incessantly such burlesques as "joint weddings" by alluring hundreds of young men and women.

The manoeuvrings of the "unification church" evoke derision and denunciation from broad public circles.

According to a foreign press report, when ruffians of the "unification church" were preaching before a crowd in New York on June 1, more than 400 people staged a demonstration, throwing smoke bombs. They were carrying placards denouncing the religion swindlers as "bogus christians" and "seducers of the American youth".

Kim Yong Sik

Friendship Visits

☆ A delegation of the Swedish Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification headed by Doris Hovik, Member of the Swedish Parliament and Chairman of the said Committee, arrived in Pyongyang on June 7 at the invitation of the Korean Committee for Solidarity with the World People.

☆ A delegation of the Cuban Committee for Defence of Revolution headed by Manuel Peraza, Coordinator of the Centre Havana Region, Havana Province, of the said Committee, arrived in Pyongyang on June 8 for a visit to our country.

☆ Mihailo Saranovic, foreign editor of the Yugoslav news agency Tanjug, arrived in Pyongyang on June 8.

☆ Mouhurizh Ahmad, editor of "Al Baath", organ of the Syrian Arab Socialist Baath Party, arrived in Pyongyang on June 4 at the invitation of "Rodong Sinmun".

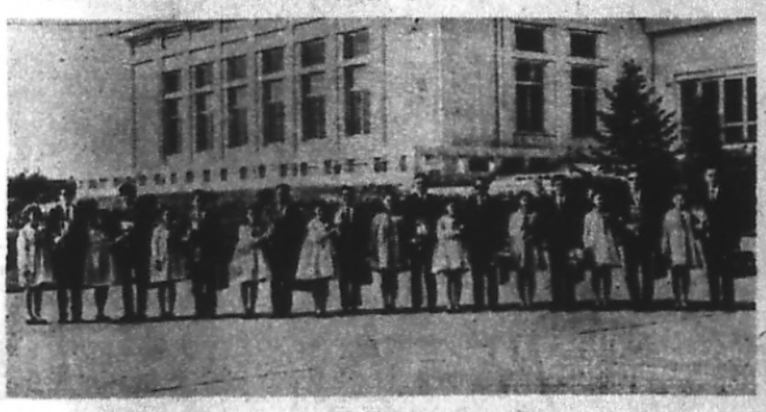
☆ A delegation of young activists of the Japan Socialist Party headed by Tokihiro Sato, Member of the Central Youth Measures Committee of the Japan Socialist Party and Director of the Kikanshi Department of the Tokyo Metropolitan Headquarters of the JSP, arrived in Pyongyang on June 11 at the invitation of the CC of the League of Socialist Working Youth.

☆ A party workers' delegation of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union headed by Vekturganov Khasan Shaiakhmetovich, Member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and First Secretary of the Dzhambul Regional Party Committee of Kazakhstan, arrived in Pyongyang on June 17 on the invitation of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

☆ A government trade delegation of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma headed by U Hlaaye, Minister of Foreign Trade of the SRUB, arrived in Pyongyang on June 15 at the invitation of the Ministry of Foreign Trade of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

☆ A Bulgarian Construction Army Song and Dance Ensemble flew into Pyongyang on June 15 under the plan of cultural exchange between our country and Bulgaria.

☆ A Cuban acrobatic troupe came to Pyongyang some time ago under the plan of cultural exchange between our country and the Republic of Cuba.



A government trade delegation of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma

Solidarity and Cooperation

★ An agreement on air transport was signed in Pyongyang on June 3 between the Governments of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Iraq.

The agreement will be conducive to strengthening the friendly relations and cooperation in air transport between the two countries.

★ A meeting was held at the Chollima House of Culture in Pyongyang on May 31 to welcome the delegation of the New Zealand-Democratic People's Republic of Korea Association on a visit to our country and inaugurate the Korea-New Zealand Friendship Association.

Chu Chang Jun, Vice-Chairman of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries, was elected Chairman of the Association.

★ An agreement on air transport was signed in Rangoon on June 8 between the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Government of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma.

★ An agreement on air service was signed recently in Colombo between the aviation companies of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Sri-Lanka.

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